

THE EVENING STAR

WILSON TO TEST SHOW

COUNT ON SECOND DAY FINDS END AS FAR OFF AS WHEN IT STARTED

Wilson Is Leading in California and North Dakota and Hughes in Minnesota and New Mexico.

NEW HAMPSHIRE IS DOUBTFUL AGAIN

NEW YORK, November 9.—The election passed into the second day of uncertainty, with President Wilson and Charles Evans Hughes both anxiously awaiting the count in a few western states—the pivotal ones being California, with 13 electoral votes; Minnesota, with 12; New Mexico, with 3, and North Dakota, with 5.

Although still so close that the result could not be regarded as assured, indicative overnight returns seemed to dispose of previously doubtful states by placing West Virginia's eight votes in the Hughes column and giving the four votes of Idaho and seven from Washington to President Wilson.

The Hughes total thus became 243 and the Wilson total 251, with 266 necessary to elect.

An eleven-hour development in the election situation came this morning from Concord, N. H., where Secretary of State Bean stated that with the New Hampshire returns complete, but only partly verified officially, Wilson led by ninety-three votes. Verification of the New Hampshire returns was still in progress.

What Both Candidates Need.

After so disposing of these previously doubtful states, from which the returns still are incomplete, the situation appeared to be as follows:

President Wilson can win with either California or New Mexico, but in addition must get New Hampshire, North Dakota or New Mexico.

Mr. Hughes to win must have both California and Minnesota, or either, and in addition both North Dakota and New Mexico.

In California President Wilson had a lead of nearly 5,000, with one-tenth of the state's precincts missing. Of the 570 missing 142 are in the republican stronghold and the others are in northern districts where the President's vote has been heavy.

Both party managers claim the state. In Minnesota the most dramatic race of all was being run hour by hour. During yesterday President Wilson's lead of 10,000 nearly melted down before the Hughes vote from the rural districts until it was wiped out. Then the Wilson votes began coming in again, only to be offset by a Hughes burst, and so the contest whirled all night, with first one ahead and then the other. Early this morning with about 500 precincts unreported, Hughes was ahead with less than 1,000.

Wilson Leads in North Dakota.

Mr. Wilson had a lead of over a thousand votes on the latest returns from North Dakota with nearly 200 districts unreported. Both party leaders claimed the election.

With the count half in from New Mexico, Mr. Hughes had a margin of less than 300 votes over President Wilson. The returns from far, outlying districts are expected to come in slowly today.

The latest returns from Washington early today apparently carried that state into the democratic column. President Wilson had a lead of over 3,000 votes on the latest figures with about 500 districts missing.

PARTY PILOTS STILL ARE FIRM IN THEIR CLAIMS OF VICTORY

Both Republicans and Democrats Indicate Recount Will Be Demanded Where Vote Is Close.

NEW YORK, November 9.—With five states still in doubt the national committee chairmen of the republican and democratic parties were unwilling to concede, here this afternoon, that the opposing presidential candidate had received a sufficient number of electoral votes to win. Meanwhile it was indicated by the vote was close a recount would be demanded. Both sides again announced they were taking precautions to guard ballot boxes.

Vance C. McCormick, democratic chairman, reiterated emphatically his claim of yesterday that President Wilson would be re-elected with 288 electoral votes, twenty-two more than enough to bring him the victory. Mr. McCormick claimed North Dakota, California, New Mexico and New Hampshire, and insisted the democrats had a good chance to win Minnesota. Republican Chairman Willcox said he stood by his statement of last night that Hughes would get at least 280 electoral votes.

Charles E. Warren, republican national committee chairman from Michigan, after a conference with other republican leaders at headquarters, declared that Oregon and West Virginia were safely for Hughes and that the outcome depended on Minnesota, California, North Dakota, New Mexico and New Hampshire. Minnesota would probably go for Hughes, he said, but

DEMOCRATS AHEAD IN FIGHT FOR HOUSE

Sixteen Congressional Districts Are Yet to Be Heard From.

G. O. P. GAINS ARE LARGE

With sixteen congressional districts to be heard from, the House of Representatives seems to be in the hands of the democrats again, unless the republicans have overturned nine democratic districts. The latest accurate compilation gives the democrats 212 House seats, republicans 203, two progressives, and sixteen undecided.

Seven of these sixteen districts are democratic in the present Congress and nine are republican. Should each keep to its present political affiliation the count would stand: Democrats, 219; republicans, 212, which would give the democrats a majority of three over the 212 republicans and 4 representatives of other parties in the house.

If all missing districts retain their present political complexion, the democrats will control the House by the slender majority of five, their total being 220 to 211, with four scattering members belonging to other minority parties.

Republican Gains Large.

Republican gains for House seats were large in Wisconsin, where three democratic House members were defeated. Representative Stafford of Wisconsin has defeated his ancient opponent, former Representative Berger, the socialist, and a republican has defeated Representative M. E. Burke, a capable Wisconsin democrat. Miss Jeanette Rankin, the Montana suffragist, claims to have won.

Representative Buchanan, democrat of Illinois, has been upset by a republican, and Representative Tavenner, democrat of Illinois, on whom a particularly severe attack was made by the republicans, has been beaten badly by a republican. One of the real surprises was the defeat of Representative Walker of Massachusetts, a republican. An independent candidate named Fuller has been elected in the Walker district, after political sharpshooters called the re-election of Walker a "sure thing."

Contest a Possibility.

In Maryland, there is so close a vote in the first district that Robert F. Duer, the defeated republican, may bring a contest against Jesse D. Price, democrat.

West Virginia's congressional race is extremely close.

Returns from 236 precincts out of 266 in first district give Fleming (rep.), 18,498; Nease (dem.), 18,455.

Returns from 176 precincts out of 323 in second district give Bowers (rep.), 15,179; Woods (dem.), 14,672.

Returns from 235 precincts out of 285 in third district give Reed (rep.), 18,788; Alderson (dem.), 17,213.

Returns from 191 precincts out of 262 in fourth district give Woodard (rep.), 17,387; Null (dem.), 17,741.

Returns from 101 precincts out of 248 in fifth district give Cooper (rep.), 10,240; Wiles (dem.), 9,144.

Returns from 236 precincts out of 320 in sixth district give Goodby (rep.), 15,219; Littlepage (dem.), 15,977.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

A list showing members-elect of the House, according to latest returns, follows:

Where more than one name appears in a district it indicates that complete returns are lacking.

Asterisk (*) indicates incumbent.

Numerals at left indicates congressional district.

- ALABAMA.**
1. Oscar L. Hart, dem.
 2. S. H. Dent, jr., dem.
 3. Henry B. Stegall, dem.
 4. Fred L. Blackburn, dem.
 5. T. T. Hill, dem.
 6. W. B. Oliver, dem.
 7. John L. Burnett, dem.
 8. E. B. Almon, dem.
 9. George Huddleston, dem.
 10. William B. Bankhead, dem.
- ARIZONA.**
1. Carl Hayden, dem.
 1. Henry L. Eads, rep.
- ARKANSAS.**
1. T. H. Carraway, dem.
 2. W. A. Oldfield, dem.
 3. John N. Tillman, dem.
 4. Otis Wingo, dem.
 5. H. M. Jacoway, dem.
 6. Samuel M. Taylor, dem.
 7. W. S. Goodwin, dem.
- CALIFORNIA.**
1. C. F. Lea, dem.
 1. E. E. Baker, dem.
 3. C. F. Purdy, rep.
 4. Julius A. Nolan, rep. and dem.
 6. J. A. Elston, rep.
 7. D. S. Church, dem.
 8. W. Phillips, rep.
 8. A. Hayes, dem. and rep.
 9. R. W. Bowden, dem.
 10. H. D. Osborne, rep.
 10. H. S. Church, dem.
 11. W. Kettner, dem.
- COLORADO.**
1. B. C. Hilliard, dem.
 2. C. B. Timberlake, rep.
 3. Edward Keating, dem.
 4. E. T. Taylor, dem.
- CONNECTICUT.**
1. A. Long, rep.
 2. J. Q. Tilton, rep.
 3. J. Q. Tilton, rep.
 4. J. E. Hill, rep.
 5. J. E. Hill, rep.
- DELAWARE.**
- At large, Albert F. Polk, dem.
- FLORIDA.**
1. H. J. Drake, dem.
 2. Frank Clark, dem.
 3. W. J. Kelso, dem.
 4. W. J. Kelso, dem.



States	Electoral Votes	Total Precincts	Number of Precincts Heard From	Votes for Wilson	Votes for Hughes	Pluralities	
						Wilson	Hughes
California	13	5,917	5,561	450,524	446,684	3,840	.....
Minnesota	12	3,024	2,800	177,213	173,652	.....	439
New Hampshire	4	.....	In- complete.	.....	.....	* 117	.....
New Mexico	3	638	336	14,536	14,794	.....	258
North Dakota	5	1,859	1,707	53,028	51,534	1,494	.....
West Virginia	8	1,713	1,400	116,989	119,638	.....	2,649

Total Electoral Votes for Wilson	251
Total Electoral Votes for Hughes	235
Doubtful	45
Total	531

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES			
Returns Show a Close Alignment in the Next House:			
Democrats	212	Socialists	1
Republicans	203	Independent	1
Progressives	2	Doubtful	16

UNITED STATES SENATE.			
Democrats	52		
Republicans	43		
In Doubt	1		

and vice chairman of the speaker's committee of the national democratic committee, issued the following statement in behalf of O. K. Cushing, chairman of the democratic state central committee:

"We have California. We are absolutely positive. Mr. Cushing is checking up my figures, made throughout the night, and so far has found them correct. These figures show we have the state. Conceding that Los Angeles county gives Hughes a 22,000 lead, we still carry California for Wilson by at least 500 votes."

Complete returns from the 604 precincts in San Francisco give Wilson 78,451; Hughes, 63,357, a majority for President Wilson of 15,094.

Mountain Precincts Out.

None of Sierra county's sixteen precincts have been heard from, and twenty-six of another mountain district, Tuolumne county, are likewise missing. Lack of telephone communication is largely responsible for the delay. These districts elected James D. Phelan, democrat, to the United States Senate two years ago, after former Representative Joseph R. Noland had

DEMAND A RECOUNT IN NEW HAMPSHIRE

Democrats Act Despite Lead There—Both Headquarters Remain Confident.

"FRAUD" CRY DENOUNCED

NEW YORK, November 9.—Henry Morgenthau, in charge of democratic headquarters, this morning, in the absence of Chairman McCormick, said that a recount would be demanded for the vote in New Hampshire. This, he said, would be done in spite of the figures received this morning showing that Wilson had a lead of 93 votes. He added that the democratic figures show that the Wilson lead was 500 votes, and in view of the complex situation in that state a recount in any event would be necessary. Instructions to the democratic committee in New Hampshire to demand the recount had already gone forward, he said.

What Rival Camps Say.

Statements were issued from both democratic and national headquarters this morning still claiming the pivotal states for the respective parties.

"When I retired at 5 o'clock," said Chairman McCormick, in a statement telephoned from his hotel, "I knew that North Dakota was safe for Wilson, California absolutely ours, that we had New Mexico surely and that we were putting up a good fight in Minnesota."

George W. Perkins, at republican headquarters, declared that New Mexico and Minnesota were both swinging toward Hughes and that North Dakota was sure. He asserted that if these three states were placed the Hughes column the republican candidate's election was assured without California's thirteen electoral votes.

To Sift Washington Case.

Chairman McCormick today said he would investigate reports received at democratic headquarters that the republicans in Washington state may get one of the democratic electoral votes on the ground that votes cast for one of the democratic electors who died were invalid. According to the reports the name of E. M. Connor, the democratic elector who was substituted for A. Stream, the dead elector, did not appear on the ballot in many counties, and it was stated that therefore the votes cast for Stream might be invalid, and Hughes giving a plurality for one republican elector.

"We will investigate the matter," said one of the reports, "and if we were forced to concede the vote I am not worried by the loss of one electoral vote."

Chairman McCormick reappeared at democratic headquarters shortly after 11 o'clock.

"It's all over," he said. "We have cleaned them up. We stick unflinchingly to our original figures: Wilson by 248 electoral votes."

Mr. McCormick added that every precaution was being taken to protect the ballot boxes where the vote was running close.

Chairman Willcox's Statement.

Republican Chairman William R. Willcox at noon made this statement in regard to the matter of supervising the counting of votes in close states:

"So far as the claims of the Wilson followers go they began to cry fraud before the election. The history of that party is such that I'll become them to raise the cry of fraud at this time. All right thinking people concerned in the election want an honest count. The republican national committee will insist that the votes cast for its candidate be counted for him, but we want no votes not properly cast."

"We will take every step to see that the votes are properly counted. The bluster of the democratic leaders has no effect on our effort to see that an honest count shall be had."

Seeing That Laws Are Obeyed.

"We have not called upon the Attorney General of the United States for United States district attorneys or other officials of the government to supervise the counting of votes in any state. The voting machinery of each state is under the administration of state authorities, and our representatives in each state will see to it that the laws are obeyed and all votes properly counted. The call for an honest count which we demand would be joined in and will be requested by all right-thinking citizens of whatever party."

"We are entirely willing to have every dollar of our expenditures investigated by the state authorities. We have made reports in detail under the law, and if other details are wanted we will give them. I leave it to our democratic opponents to say whether they will do the same."

C. B. Warren's Statement.

Charles B. Warren, republican national committee chairman from Michigan, after a conference with Chairman Willcox and other national committee men, gave out this statement reflecting the consensus of opinion among the republican leaders:

"The election depends upon the count in California, Minnesota, North Dakota, New Mexico and New Hampshire. Oregon is safely for Hughes, as is also West Virginia. The probabilities are that the Minnesota vote will be cast for Hughes, but the official count will be recorded in North Dakota, New Mexico, New Hampshire and California before the results in those states will be definitely known."

Has Evidence of Irregularity.

Philip H. Faulkner, chairman of the republican state committee, issued the following statement today: "The claim that New Hampshire has gone for Wilson is unsubstantiated by any returns in our possession."

"Fully 40 per cent of the town clerks

MINNESOTA STILL AS DOUBTFUL AS EVER

Outlying Districts May Change Result From One Candidate to Another.

SMALL LEAD FOR HUGHES

ST. PAUL, Minn., November 9.—Fred B. Lynch, democratic national committee chairman from Minnesota, today reiterated his previous assertion that President Wilson will carry Minnesota "by from 500 to 1,000" plurality, but that the vote of the state's democrats at the Mexican border would be necessary to decide the contest.

ST. PAUL, Minn., November 9.—The latest of the closing hour of the polls in Minnesota put the start of counting election ballots several hours behind that in most states. Poor wire facilities in many sections added to the delay, while the close contest made returns from the most remote precincts unusually important.

In several counties, amendments, which made the ballots longer than usual, added to the difficulties of the tabulators early today used every means at their disposal to reach the outlying districts, which may at any time change the outlook over the state from one candidate to the other.

During the early morning Mr. Hughes jumped into the lead, and the increasing returns had accumulated a plurality of over 1,200 votes for him by 10 o'clock. At this point the republican advance was checked and ensuing returns showed fluctuating advantages for each candidate, the Hughes plurality being slowly cut into until at 1 o'clock he had a scant 307 votes in his favor.

How the Count Developed.

Returns for President from 2,511 precincts out of 3,024 in Minnesota gave Wilson 162,379 and Hughes 163,301, a Hughes plurality of 922.

Later, 2,516 precincts out of 3,024 in the state gave: Wilson, 162,656; Hughes, 163,889; plurality, 1,233 for Hughes.

For President from 2,515 precincts out of 3,024 in the state give Wilson 162,911 and Hughes 163,911, a plurality of 1,000 for Hughes.

Returns for President from 2,534 precincts out of 3,024 in the state give Wilson 163,889 and Hughes 164,756, a Hughes plurality of 797.

Returns from 2,576 precincts out of 3,024 in the state give Wilson 165,525 and Hughes 166,727, a plurality of 1,092 for Hughes.

Returns for President from 2,636 precincts out of 3,024 in Minnesota give: Wilson, 168,199; Hughes, 168,709; a plurality of 510 for Hughes.

Returns for President from 2,660 precincts out of 3,024 in Minnesota give: Wilson, 169,126; Hughes, 169,433; a plurality of 307 for Hughes.

Returns from 2,736 precincts of 3,024 in the state gave: Wilson, 171,497, and Hughes, 172,908.

U. S. SPECIAL AGENTS ARRIVE.

Department of Justice Men in Minnesota to Keep Tab on Election.

ST. PAUL, Minn., November 9.—Accompanied by a staff of special agents, Hinton G. Clabaugh of Chicago, chief of the bureau of investigation of the Department of Justice, arrived in St. Paul today.

District Attorney Alfred Jacques said he "understood the men would be distributed throughout Minneapolis, St. Paul and Duluth to keep tab on the election situation."

Assistant Attorney General Graham is directing investigation and prosecution of election frauds from Washington, D. C., to see that the matter is necessarily one not to be given publicity at this time.

LEAD IN NORTH DAKOTA FOR PRESIDENT WILSON

FARGO, N. D., November 7.—Errors in the tabulation of returns from a number of western precincts in North Dakota disclosed in a recapitulation shortly before noon today, cut down President Wilson's lead by more than 200 votes. With 1,587 of the state's 1,859 precincts reported, the count was: Wilson, 51,474; Hughes, 50,772.

Of the 302 precincts yet to be heard from, seventy-eight lie in the extreme northwestern counties, from which returns so far census the matter approximately two to one for Wilson. The unreported districts are, for the most part, remote from communication centers today.

Leaders of both parties are claiming substantial minorities in the missing precincts. The returns are coming in slowly.

From five to seven precincts are remaining in each of some thirty counties in North Dakota, a majority of them in the western part of the state, where telephone and telegraph communication is not highly developed. Complete returns are not expected before late today.

President Wilson further increased his lead in North Dakota when returns from 1,897 precincts of a total of 1,855 had reported. The count then stood: Wilson, 52,894; Hughes, 51,351.

HUGHES GOES MOTORING.

Takes Ride With Mrs. Hughes After Studying Returns.

NEW YORK, November 9.—After studying the election returns for two hours this morning, Charles E. Hughes went motoring shortly after 11 o'clock. Mrs. Hughes accompanied him. The nominee declined to comment on the returns.